

GREAT THINGS ARE HAPPENING IN PARAMOUNT SCHOOLS



LCFF: Budget Overview

Dr. Ruth Pérez, Superintendent Ruben Frutos, Assistant Superintendent of Business Services Patricia Tu, Director of Fiscal Services

> Board Study Session May 6, 2019



What we currently know...

- Continued decline in Enrollment
- Resulting in continued decline in ADA
- Fund Balance Steady and used to maintain programs
- No more gap funding
 - 100% gap closure in six years
 - 100% of the targeted funding levels in 2018-19
- Projected 3.26% COLA
- It is time to start managing our expenditures



State Budget approach as we get to May Revision

- Pays off budgetary debt and deferrals (\$4.4 billion).
- Pays down state's CalPERS (\$3 billion GF) and CalSTRS (\$1.1 billion Proposition 2) unfunded liabilities and districts' CalSTRS unfunded liability (\$2.3 billion GF), reducing long-term costs. Also subsidizes districts' 2019-20 and 2020-21 CalSTRS employer contributions (\$700 million GF).
- Grows Rainy Day Fund from \$13.5 billion in 2018-19 to \$15.3 billion in 2019-20 and \$19.4 billion in 2020-23. Increases Safety Net Reserve to \$900 million.
- Expands early childhood education (\$1.25 billion one time and \$125 million ongoing).
- Provides significant new resources to UC and CSU (\$540 million ongoing and \$400 million one time).

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What is gap funding?

	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19					
Total LCFF Target	\$ 165,201,179	\$ 166,348,117	\$ 166,109,999					
Hold Harmless (Floor Entitlement)	\$ 144,579,009	\$ 154,897,997	\$ 153,909,714					
Difference between Target and Hold Harmless	\$ 20,622,170	\$ 11,450,120	\$ 12,200,284					
GAP %	54.18%	23.67%	53.85%					
Gap Funding	\$ 11,399,935	\$ 2,710,243	\$ 12,200,284					
Total Year Funding	\$ 155,978,945	\$ 157,608,241 \$ 160,479,568						
Hold Harmless plus Gap Funding equals Total Year Funding								

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What does the end of gap funding mean?

	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
Total LCFF Target	\$ 171,100,040	\$ 171,301,129	\$ 172,536,036
Hold Harmless (Floor Entitlement)	\$ 158,135,453		
Difference between Target and Hold			
Harmless	\$ 12,964,586		
GAP %	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Gap Funding	\$ 12,964,586		
Total Year Funding	\$ 171,100,040	\$ 171,301,129	\$ 172,536,036

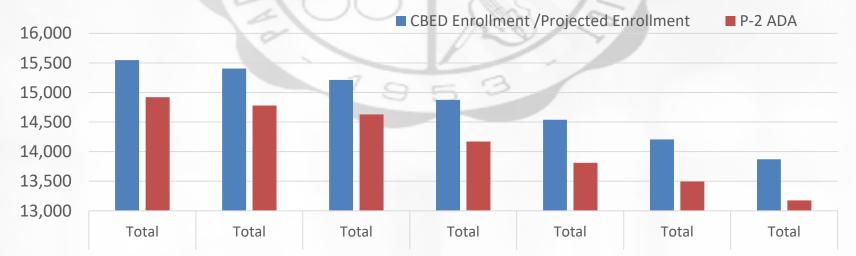
Target minus Hold Harmless times Gap % equals Total Year Funding



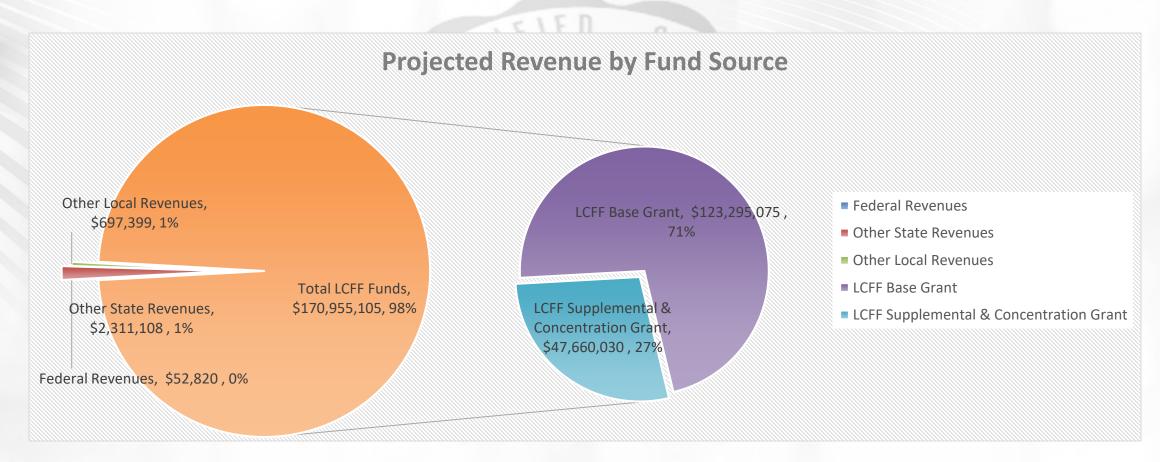
PREPARING STUDENTS FOR COLLEGE AND CAREERS

Enrollment & Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

	2015-16 Total	2016-17 Total	2017-18 Total	2018-19 Total	2019-20 Total	2020-21 Total	2021-22 Total
CBED Enrollment /Projected Enrollment	15,547	15,405	15,213	14,875	14,540	14,206	13,872
P-2 ADA	14,921	14,779	14,628	14,173	13,813	13,495	13,178



Unrestricted Revenues

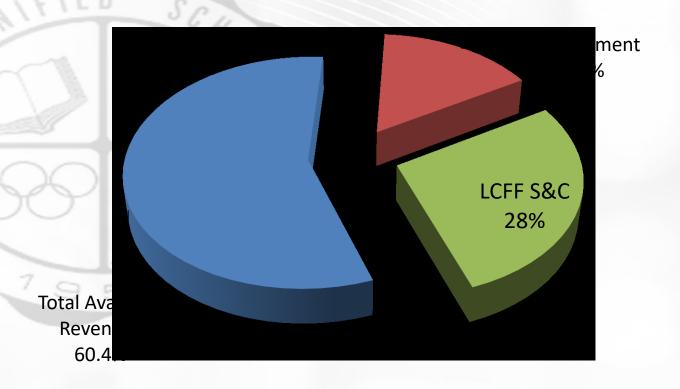


What is Encroachment and why is it important?

Total District Revenue is reduced by Encroachment, which reduces the overall available budget for basic needs.

Encroachment (or District Contribution) is used to cover other District programs NOT fully funded:

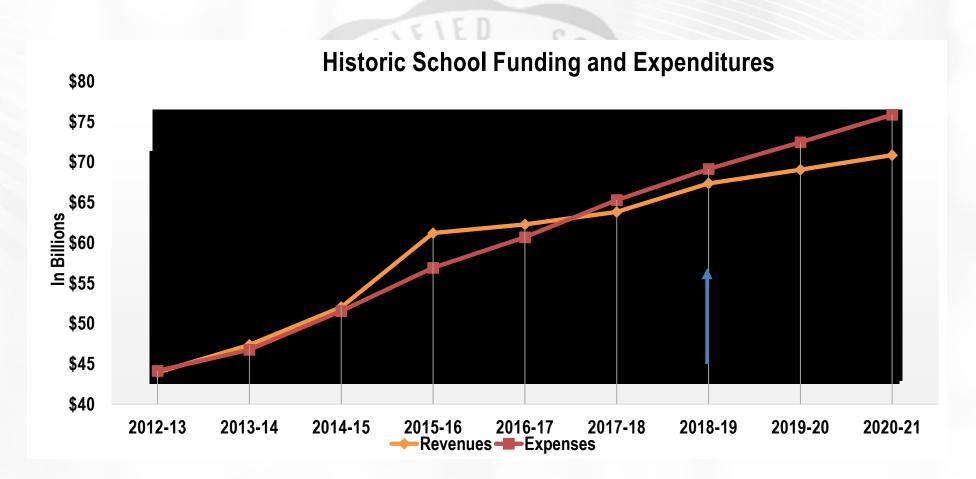
- Special Education
- Routine Restricted Maintenance
 - Mandatory set aside of 3% of total expenditures
- Child Nutrition
- Adult Education
- After School STAR Program





PREPARING STUDENTS FOR COLLEGE AND CAREERS

School Agency State Revenues vs. Expenditure Trends



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Top Legislative Issues for 2019—May 3, 2019

Early Childhood Education

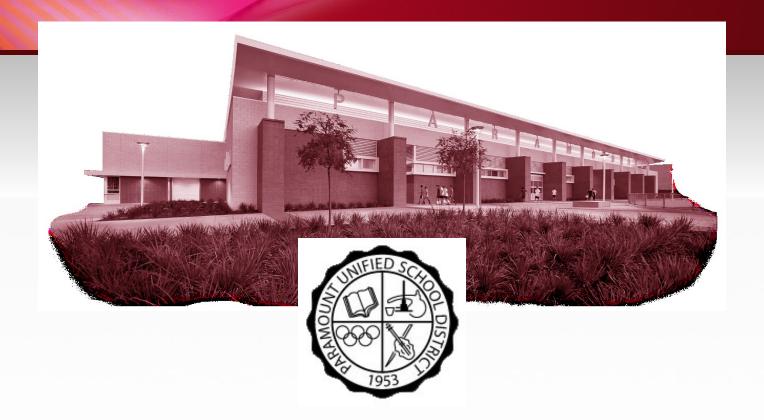
• Assembly Bill (AB) 123 (McCarty, D-Sacramento)—Preschool For All Act of 2019. As amended on April 29, 2019, AB 123 would expand access to the California State Preschool Program (CSPP) by providing at least two years of subsidized preschool to every three-year-old living in poverty and establishing eligibility for every four-year-old, regardless of family income, living within the attendance boundary of a public elementary school that enrolls at least 70% of students eligible for state or federal meal subsidies. Additionally, AB 123 would require aspiring lead teachers in CSPP to obtain a bachelor's degree by July 1, 2028. The bill would grandfather in existing CSPP head teachers who have a teaching permit issued by the Commission on Teacher Credentialing as of December 31, 2019. Additionally, the bill would provide financial incentives for the existing workforce to acquire a bachelor's degree by providing financial scholarships to interested professionals and ensuring that providers increase the salaries for teachers who earn a bachelor's degree.

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NEXT STEPS

- Governor to finalize May Revision
- District Staffing Review
- Program Cost Review
- Strong personal income tax (PIT)
 receipts in April offset lower revenues
 between December and March

The United States Department of Commerce released the 2019 Implicit Price Deflator for state and local governments, which provides the last piece of information needed to establish the 2019-20 statutory COLA for K-14 apportionments. Based on this, the statutory COLA for 2019-20 to be 3.26%, a decrease from Governor Gavin Newsom's State Budget estimate that projected the COLA to be 3.46%.



The mission of the Paramount Unified School District is to ensure learning and success for each student by providing a quality education.